

PARAGUAY R-PP FORMAL PRESENTATION

July 2014, Lima Perú



TEKOHÁ
RESÁI
SÁMBYHYHA
SECRETARÍA DEL
AMBIENTE

TETÃ REKUÁI
GOBIERNO NACIONAL
Jajapo Oñondivepa Tape Pyahu
Construyendo Juntos un Nuevo Rumbo



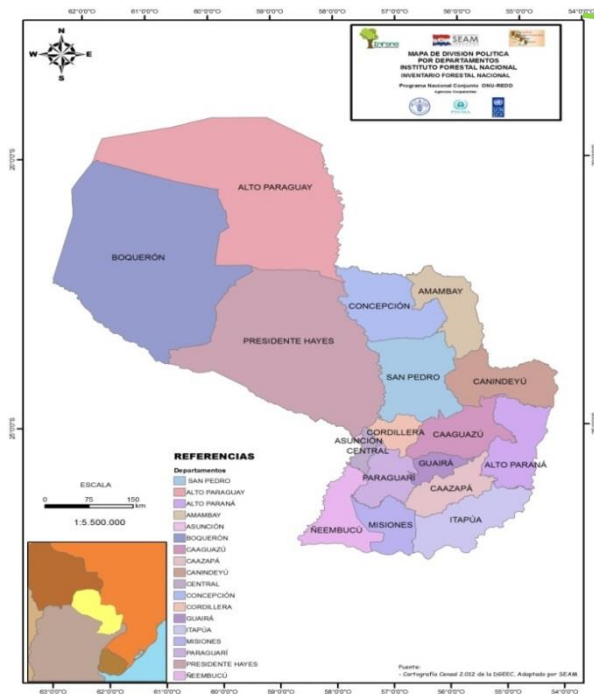
Content



1. Country overview.
2. Early national activities on REDD+
3. Overview of RPP's preparation and proposals
4. RPP components

The Republic of Paraguay (Tetã Paraguái)

- A land locked country in central South America



- Area: 40.6 M ha
- Population: 6.2M hab; 41.2% rural
- 17 departments and 225 municipal governments

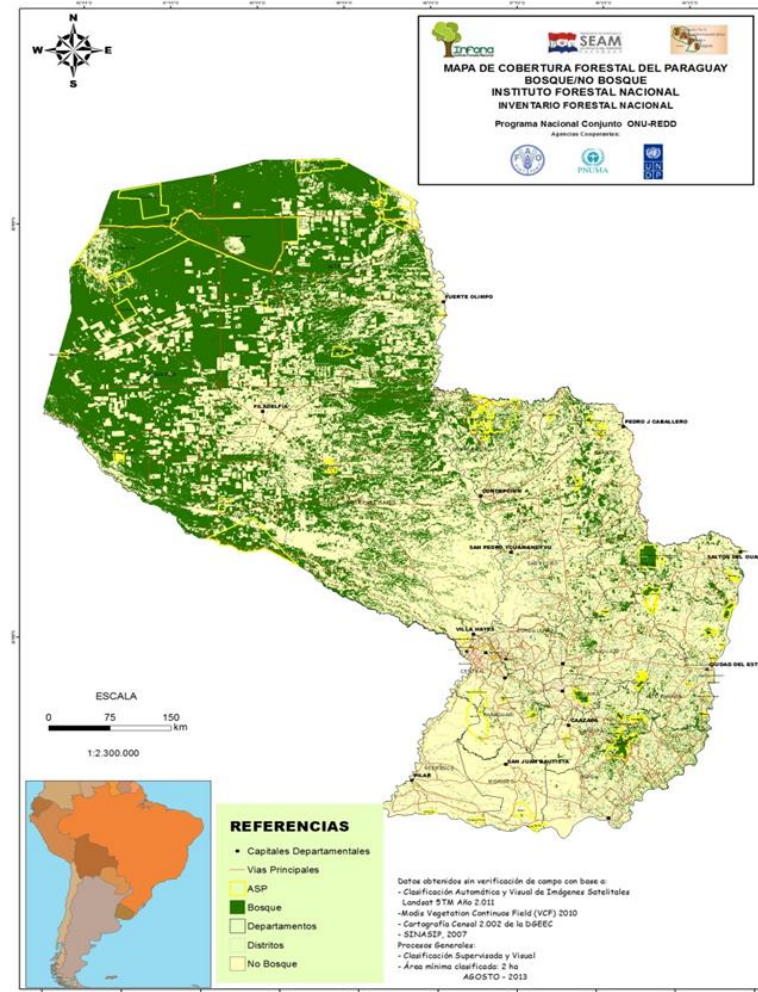
1. Country Overview – Context (2/4)

- Diverse culture
 - Mixture of traditional Spanish culture with native Guaraní culture (the dominant ethnic group in the area).
- Two official languages:
 - Spanish and Guaraní – 1992 Constitution
 - Guaraní the first indigenous language achieving the status of official state language in the Americas.

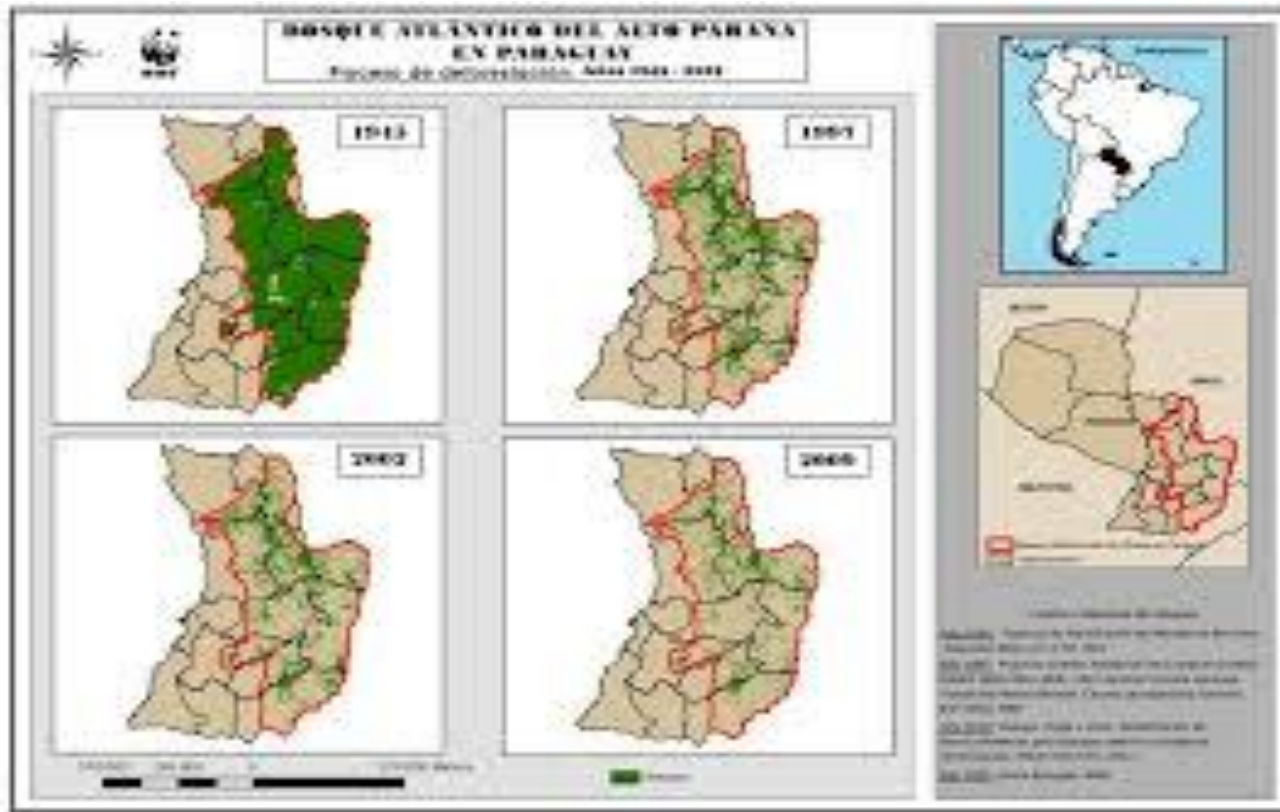


1. Country Overview – Context (3/4)

- Highly dependent on exports of commodities
 - Soy and beef aprox. half of GDP
- Western “Chaco” region
 - 60% of the national territory
 - 3% of the population
 - 84.3% forest cover.
- Eastern region
 - 40% of the country
 - 97% of the population
 - 15.69% forest cover.



High historic deforestation in the Upper Parana Atlantic Forest



- Expansion of the agricultural frontier (1960-70)
- Intense settlement, logging, and extensive agriculture

- As a result,
 - Highly degraded forest remnants
 - Reduced natural resources basis
 - Considerable biodiversity loss



REDD + in Paraguay a building process since 2008

2008

Pilot country
request for
UN REDD
FCPF
2000 INGEI
finished

2009-10

IPOs
Information
Process for
UNREDD
SCN finished

2011

UNREDD sign
National
Climate
Change Policy
presented

2012 –14

IFN Pilot Phase
National
Mitigation
Strategy
National
Development
Plan

With the FCPF, the REDD + process preparation will be strengthened and consolidated; it will facilitate the participation of new stakeholders and will enable strong strategies to reduce deforestation and forest degradation.



2. Early National Activities (2/2)

Information to
Indigenous People



2012

Information to Local
Government



2012

Safeguard roadmap
Workshop



2013

Socialization of information to key stakeholders seeking the participation in the REDD process + since 2011 through UNREDD

Alometric Ecuations
Workshop



2013

Stakeholders Involvement
Workshop



2013

National Forest Inventory
Training



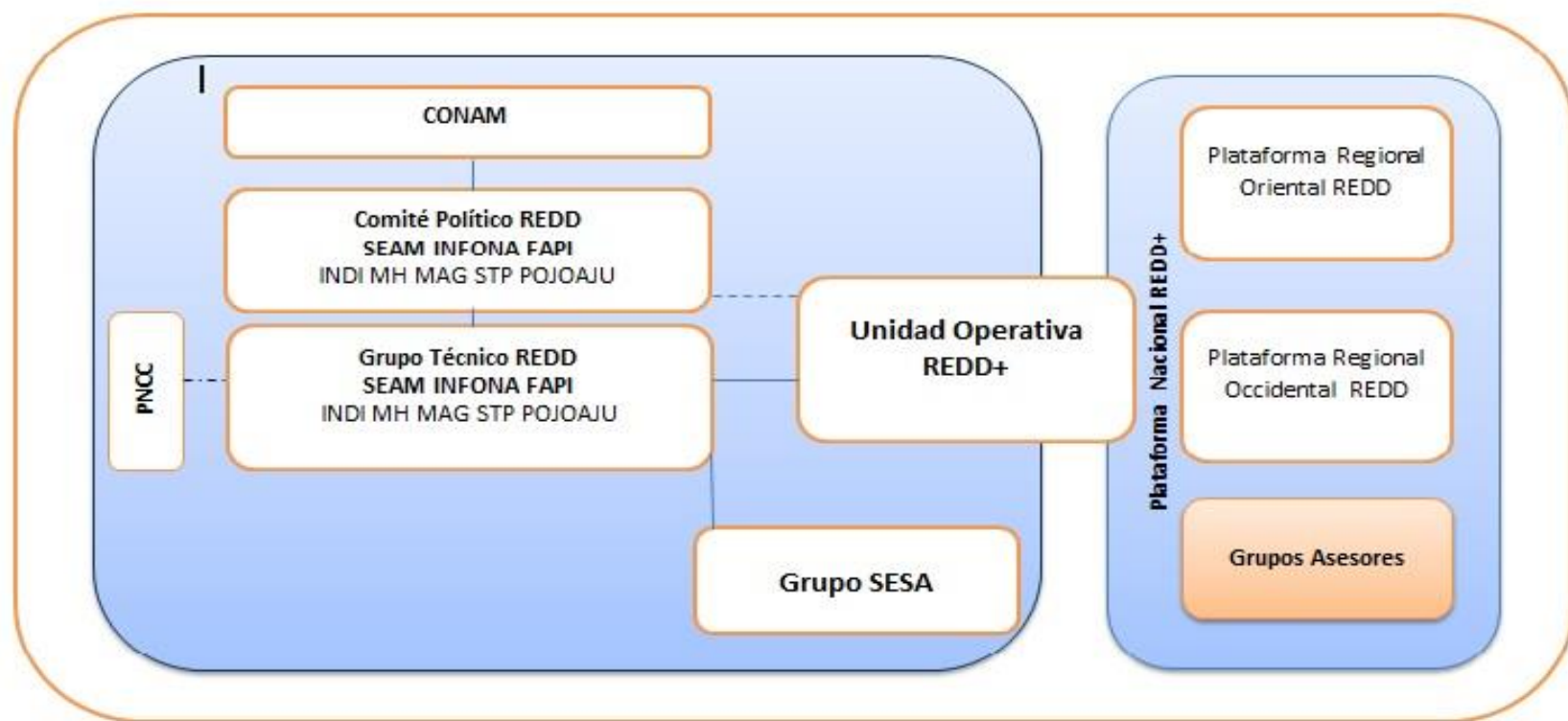
2014

The RPP process is in line with national policies

- | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| • Development Plan 2014-30 | → | • Zero illegal deforestation by 2030 |
| • Environment | → | • Environmental Services Law # 3001 |
| • Forestry | → | • Sustainable forest ecosystem management |
| • Climate Change | → | • Climate change mitigation is one of the main components; REDD+ is a strategy action of such component. |



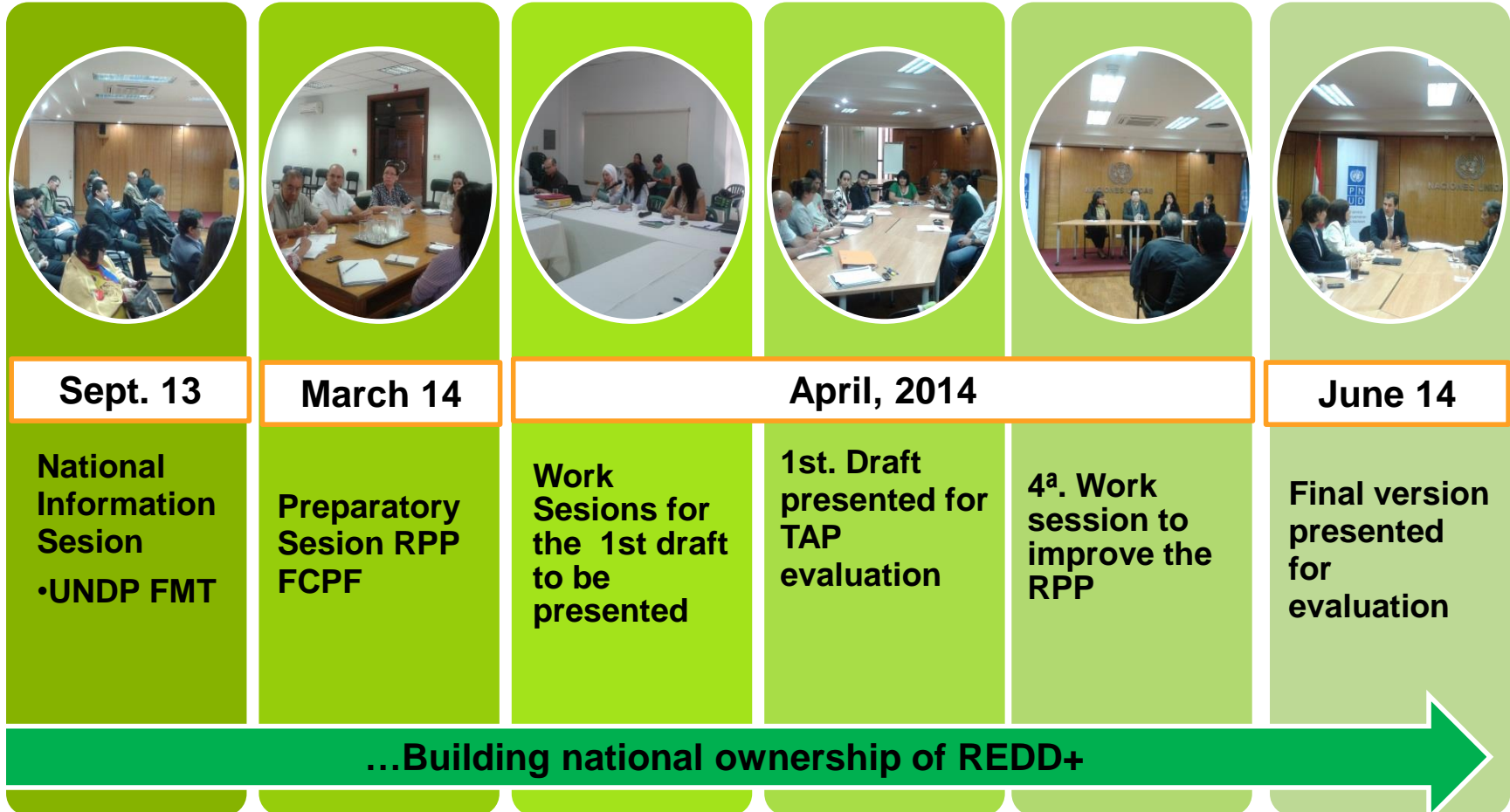
The REDD+ coordination platform ensures participation of all key stakeholders and sectors



...and seeks to streamline decision-making to implement activities in an efficient manner

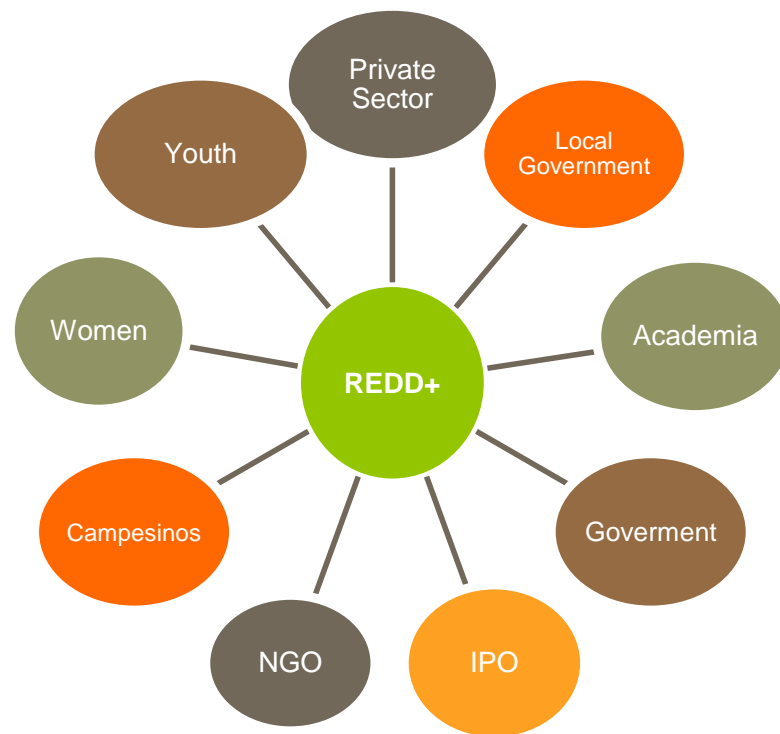
4. RPP components : 1b – Information sharing and early dialogue (1/1)

A solid collective construction of the RPP



Strengthening national capacities to find multi sectoral solutions through improved coordination

- Building on lessons learned from PNC UNREDD
- Strengthening national capacities on REDD+ to build strategic alliances
- Ensuring an inclusive approach including: public and private sector, civil society, indigenous peoples, small farmers, women and youth groups
 - National and regional platforms for dialogue and knowledge exchange



Key instruments to ensure an inclusive REDD + process are in place

1. Protocol for a **consultation process** will apply Consent and Indigenous Peoples of Paraguay.
 - Guidelines Federation for Self-Determination of **Indigenous Peoples** (FAPI) for the implementation of the Joint National Program on Indigenous Territories (UNREDD).
2. Guidelines on **free prior and informed** of the overall program will UNREDD and Legal complement to UNREDD Programme Guidelines on Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC).
3. International Law and Jurisprudence confirming the requirement of **FPIC**.

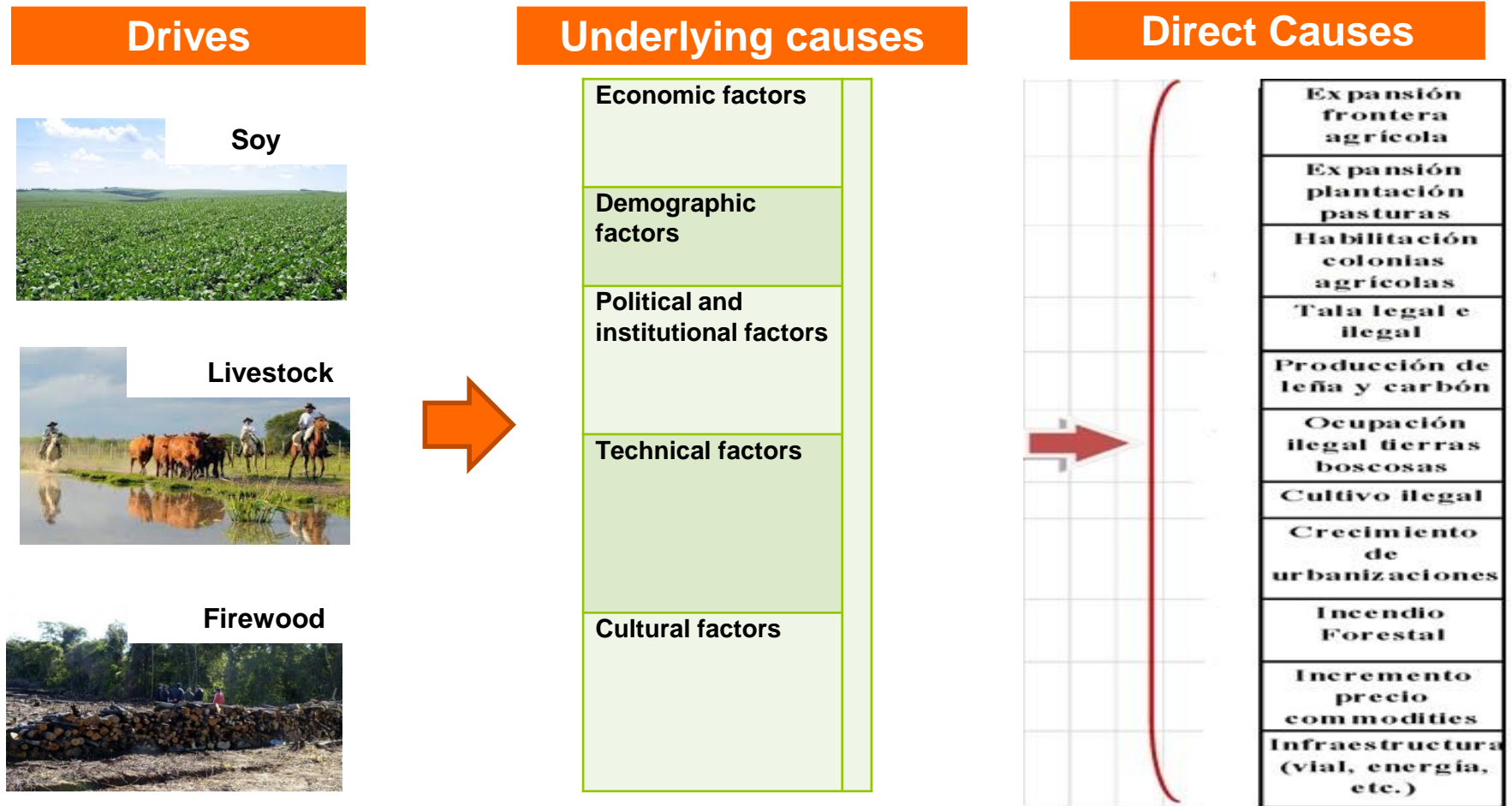


Consultation and Participation Plan: three phases

Phase	Objective
1. Dissemination of information, training and design consultation.	Relevant and effective information reach to a wide range of stakeholders to able them understand and work on REDD + issues
2. Pilot Test and validation of PCP (process of consultation and participation at regional level)	Test Consultation on a regional I focus on options for REDD + strategy and sectorial activities with stakeholders.
3. National consultation for consent	Specific laws and procedures will be taking into consideration when involving indigenous peoples and communities



Drivers of Deforestation and Forest Degradation



Soybean and livestock are drivers of historical deforestation in the eastern; firewood consumption is also a driver in the eastern

REDD+ Strategic Options a way to move forward

Strategic Options	Description
Strengthening environmental and forest governance	Support the development of technical, legislative, and financial instruments for environment and forests sectors
Land-use planning	Support the formulation and implementation of land-use planning instruments in community territories (peasant farmers, indigenous peoples)
Economic analysis	The economy is commodities-dependent and it is necessary to closely analyze the negative impact of measures on reduction of the GDP .
Innovative financial mechanisms	Study on a REDD+ Fund to manage resources
	Identify mechanisms to encourage green loans that have an environmental assessment
	Accountability system for transfer of reduction units - Analysis of legislation for carbon credits / (REDD)

REDD+ Strategic Options a way to move forward...contd.

Strategic Options	Descriptions
Emission Reduction	Program for energy reforestation and its impact on the use of biomass and resulting impact on CO2 emissions.
	Program for forestation, reforestation, and restoration of ecosystems in the fight against extreme poverty.
	Institutional strengthening to optimize procedures and compliance with regulations: agricultural, forest, planning, justice, and environment
Agricultural and livestock sector	Scheme of incentives on best agricultural and livestock practices, certifications, and market access
	Schemes for intensive livestock production and potential incentives (agro-forest-pastoral systems)
Legal framework	Strengthen environmental governance; control deforestation and application of sanctions.
	Proposal for improvement of management in the national system of protected areas and their buffer zones

Involvement of relevant actors: a key priority for the implementation framework of REDD+

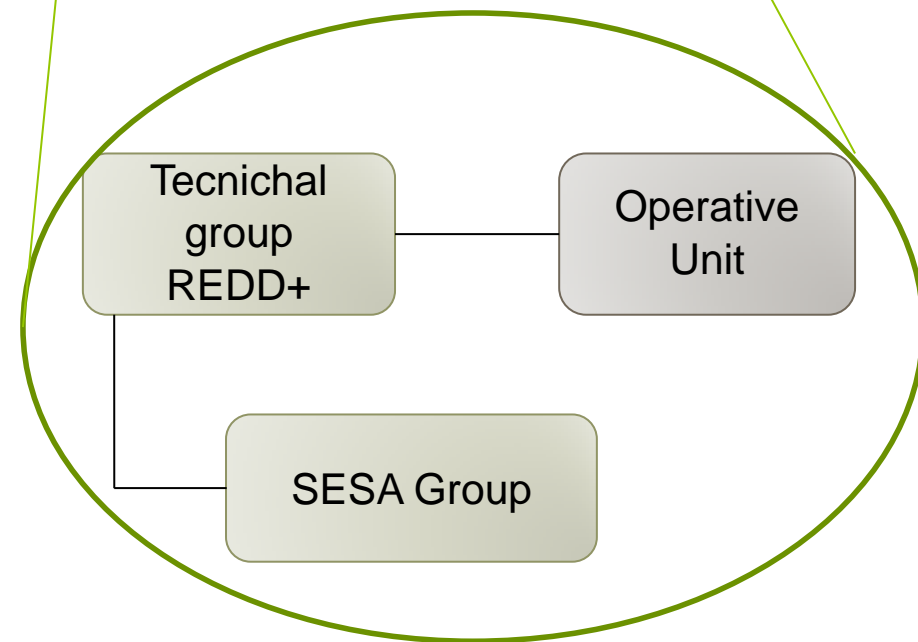
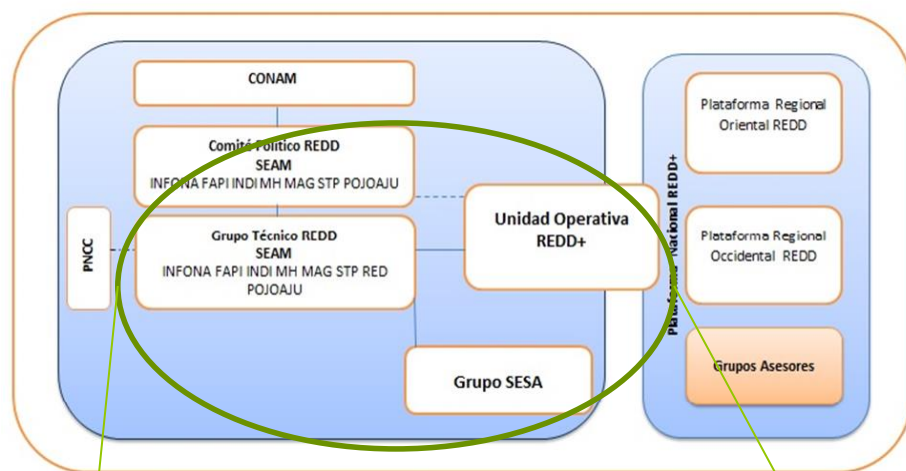
The REDD + strategy will be in line with the national development priorities:

- Climate change mitigation and poverty reduction
- Institutions to address climate change
- International commitments on climate change signed by the State and respect for the rights of forest-dependent people.

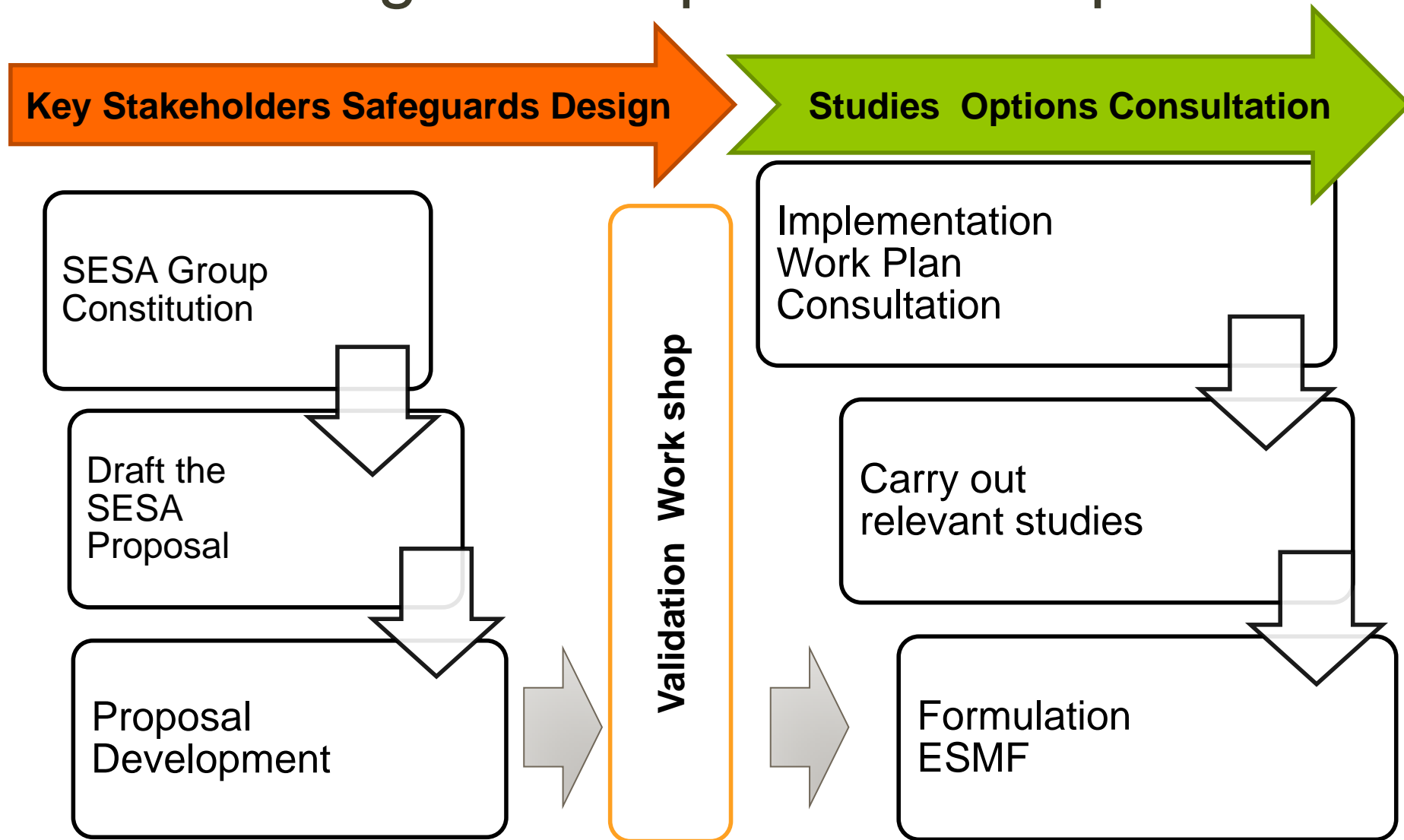


SESA

- SESA will articulate with the **Technical Group of the Coordination Structure.**
- The SESA group will take into account environmental, social and cultural priorities
- Procedures and mechanisms of intersectoral coordination are defined in a participatory and inclusive manner

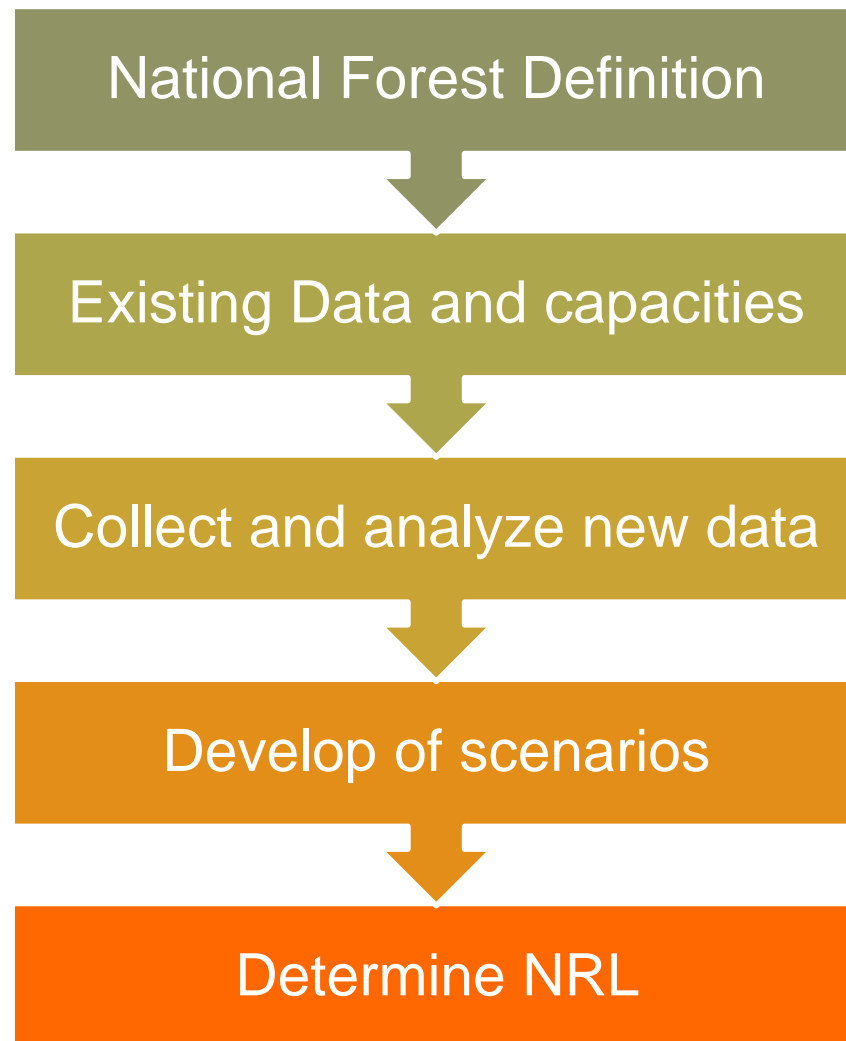


SESA Design and implementation process

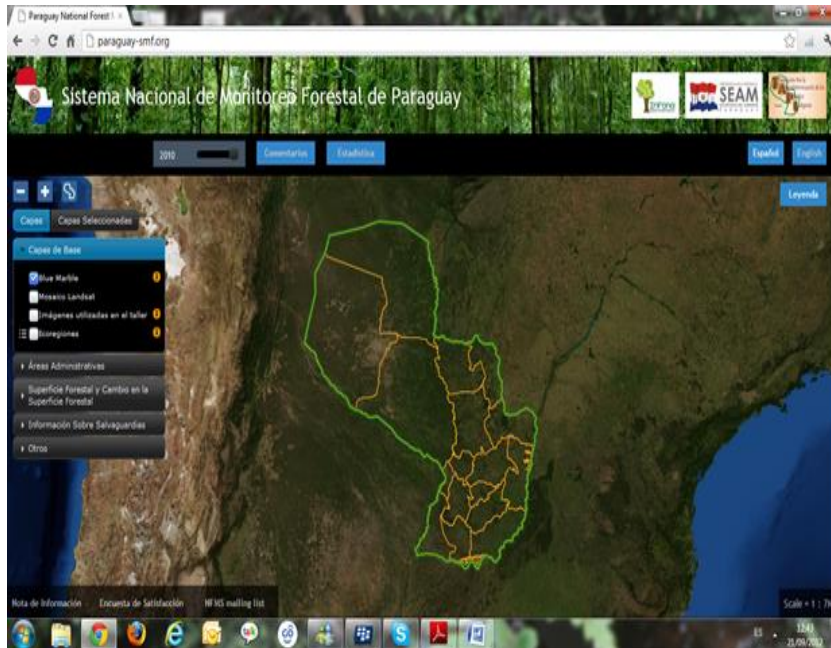


Reference Level

- ✓ Up date the national forest definition for REDD+
- ✓ Develop a less detailed reference level based on historical trend
- ✓ Develop benchmarks for the two regions and departments priority for the country with the greatest potential REDD +.
- ✓ Define in the medium-term baseline that includes adjustments based on new data and trend analysis of deforestation and degradation.
- ✓ Develop a baseline based on spatially explicit data and trends for the relevant geographical areas of the country.



National Forest Monitoring System

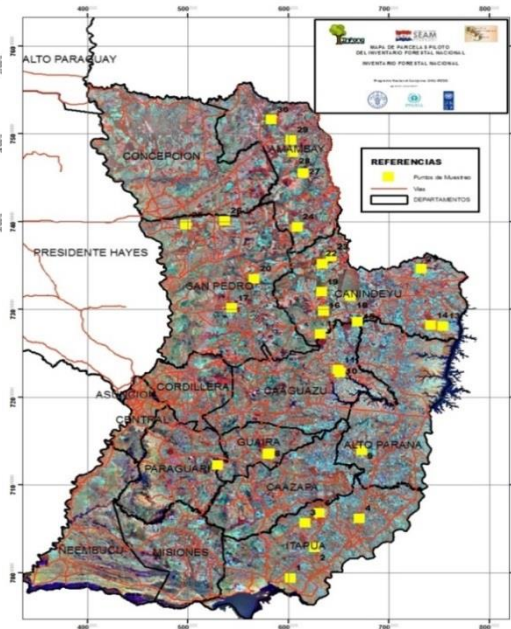
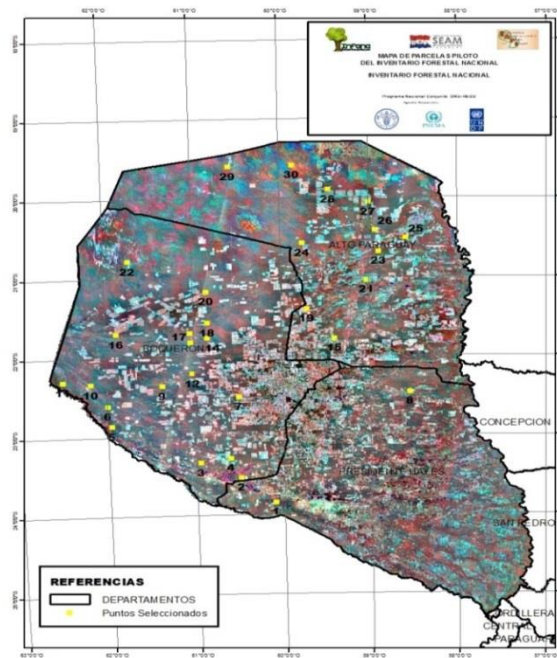


- Address domestic and international monitoring needs and international MRV reporting requirements for REDD+ activities.
- Monitoring the information on sustainable management of forests.

The portal is its beta version hosted on the web: <http://paraguay-smf.org> where the user can find information related to national: maps of forest cover, forest types, maps and maps of protected areas forest areas under management

Will provide key information to develop public policies

- The methodology designed for the NFI proposal is a result of a series of workshops where categories and subcategories for forest stratification are being determined.
- Map of forest cover, determination of measurement plots structure and parameters will be obtained from the NFI.
- A pilot phase under implementation.



Multiple Benefit Safeguard System Road map

2013

Training of officials on the issue of Safeguards.

2014

Begin a national participatory process to review the laws and the legal framework to compare with international agreements

2014

Ensure coherence between national and international rules and laws with the standards of local government (eg organizational charts and departmental standards and district governments): review and adaptation processes.

2014

Re-structuring and strengthening state institutions, especially the INDI

2015 –16

Establish teams and / or sectoral government agency enforcement powers and adequate safeguards (national and sub-national) resources - responsible for implementing safeguards and UN-REDD)

4. RPP components: 5 - budget (1/2)

Budget

Components	Sub Components	Cost Estimated (in thousands of US\$)				Sub TOTAL	Total By Component
		2015	2016	2017	2018		
Component 1:	1a Institucional	280	395	305	245	1.225	1.945
	1b Dialogue	130	50	40	30	250	
	1c Participation and consultation	170	125	105	70	470	
Componente 2:	2a Evaluation	170	120	55	35	380	2.205
	2b Strategy	145	445	345	265	1.200	
	2c Execution Framework	75	115	75	35	300	
	2d: SESA	95	120	80	30	325	
Componente 3:	3 Reference Levels	130	150	55	20	355	355
Componente 4:	4 ^a Monitor System	660	200	40	10	910	1320
	4b Multiple Beneficts	170	160	60	20	410	
Componente 6:	6 Monitoring and evaluation framework	20	20	20	20	80	80
TOTAL BY YEAR		2.045	1.900	1.180	780	5.905	5.905

Contributors

Contributors	Cost Estimated (in thousands of US\$)				Total
	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Government(*)	295	325	225	155	1.000
FCPF	645	1.575	955	625	3.800
UN REDD	565	0	0	0	565
Japan Bilateral Contribution (**)	540	0	0	0	540
Gran TOTAL	2.045	1.900	1.180	780	5.905

(*) Government Counterpart in goods and services, human resources, edilicea structure, utilities (water, electricity, telephone, internet). Structures of the regional offices. mobility-

(**) Counterparty under the Forest Preservation Project: Provision of Equipment and Vehicles for regional offices INFONA A SEAM.

6. Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

- Technical Group will have a role in monitoring and follow-up actions to be implemented, a report to the Political Committee
- Quality and performance, and its proximity to the compliance standards established or to be established for both participatory and consultative processes
- Compliance with these standards also ensures consistency of national proposals to the requirements of relevant international processes and initiatives (UNFCCC, IPCC) and the acquisition of any international investment facilitates REDD + programs in Paraguay



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